

Roll No. ....

## **MCA–10/M.Sc.IT–10**

**Object Oriented Programming Through C++**  
Master of Computer Application/Master of Science  
in Information Technology  
(MCA–16/MCA–11/M.Sc.IT–16/M.Sc.IT–12)  
Third Semester, Examination, 2017

**Time : 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks : 60**

**Note :** This paper is of **sixty (60)** marks containing **three (03)** sections A, B and C. Attempt the questions contained in these sections according to the detailed instructions given therein.

### **Section–A**

#### **(Long Answer Type Questions)**

**Note :** Section ‘A’ contains four (04) long answer type questions of fifteen (15) marks each. Learners are required to answer *two* (02) questions only.

1. (a) What is an abstract class ? Explain with suitable example.  
(b) Compare overloading and overriding with examples.
2. (a) What are driving factors of object oriented programming paradigm ? List the basic concepts of OOP.

- (b) What are the file operations ? Explain each *one* with an example.
- 3. (a) Define Class, Nested class. How to declare a nested class ? Give an example.  
(b) What is encapsulation ? Demonstrate data hiding and encapsulation.
- 4. (a) Discuss different scenarios of constructor overloading in base and derived classes and explain their implementation.  
(b) What is significance of Virtual Destructor ?

### Section-B

#### (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note :** Section 'B' contains eight (08) short answer type questions of five (05) marks each. Learners are required to answer *four* (04) questions only.

- 1. What is an exception ? List the principles of exception handling.
- 2. How to handle array of objects using Constructor ? Explain.
- 3. What is meant by Copy Constructor ? Give an example.
- 4. Define Virtual Base Class.
- 5. What is inheritance ? What are different types of inheritance ? Explain with example.
- 6. Write a program for catching array out of bounds exception.

7. What is runtime polymorphism ?
8. What is Virtual function ? What are the rules for Virtual functions ?

### **Section-C**

#### **(Objective Type Questions)**

**Note :** Section 'C' contains ten (10) objective type questions of one (01) mark each. All the questions of this section are compulsory.

1. Which of the functionality of 'Encapsulation' ?
  - (a) Binds together code and data
  - (b) Using single interface for general class of actions
  - (c) Reduce Complexity
  - (d) All of the mentioned
2. Which of the following is a mechanism by which object acquires the properties of another object ?
  - (a) Encapsulation
  - (b) Abstraction
  - (c) Inheritance
  - (d) Polymorphism
3. Which of the following supports the concept of hierarchical classification ?
  - (a) Polymorphism
  - (b) Encapsulation
  - (c) Abstraction
  - (d) Inheritance

4. Which of the following concept is often expressed by the phrase, 'One interface, multiple methods' ?
  - (a) Abstraction
  - (b) Polymorphism
  - (c) Inheritance
  - (d) Encapsulation
5. Variables declared outside a block are called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Global
  - (b) Universal
  - (c) Stellar
  - (d) External
6. The compiler converts your C++ instructions into \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) edited code
  - (b) object code
  - (c) source code
  - (d) translated code
7. When an object-oriented program detects an error within a function, the function \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) throws an exception
  - (b) throws a fit
  - (c) catches a message
  - (d) catches an exception

8. When a function includes a throw statement for errors, the call to the potentially offending function should be placed within a \_\_\_\_\_ block.
  - (a) Throw
  - (b) Try
  - (c) Catch
  - (d) Scope
9. The scope resolution operator is :
  - (a) a comma
  - (b) a semicolon
  - (c) a colon
  - (d) two colons
10. The feature in object-oriented programming that allows the same operation to be carried out differently, depending on the object, is\_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Inheritance
  - (b) Polymorphism
  - (c) Overfunctioning
  - (d) Overriding

