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1st Semester, Examination-2014

MCA-11/PGDCA-11/M.Sc.(IT)-12

(Master of Computer Application/Post Graduate Diploma in Computer Application/Master of Science in Information Technology)

MCA-03/PGDCA-03/M.Sc. IT - 03

Computer Programming Using C

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

Note: The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Give the answer according to the directions given in each section.

Section-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 Marks.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- 1. Explain the following bitwise operators:
 - (a) Bitwise AND

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- (b) Bitwise OR
- (c) Bitwise XOR
- (d) Bitwise Left Shift
- (e) Bitwise Right Shift
- 2. (a) What is the difference between the array of pointer and pointer to the array?
 - (b) Explain the difference between calling function and called function.
- 3. (a) Differentiate between local variable and global variable.
 - (b) Differentiate between relational and logical operators used in C.
- 4. (a) Write a C program to find the maximum of three number using conditional operators.
 - (b) Write a C Program to sort an array in ascending order.

Section-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 Marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 1. Distinguish between fprintf() and printf()
- 2. Distinguish bet malloc and calloc()

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- 3. What is the scanf() and how does it differ from the getchar()?
- 4. What is meant by register variable and what is the scope of it?
- 5. Why is go to not necessary for the structured programming language like C?
- 6. Explain any 4 string functions with suitable example.
- 7. Explain the types of storage classes.
- 8. What is Array? Explain the types of array.

Section-C

Objective Type Questions (Compulsory)

Note: Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 Mark.

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(10 \times 1 = 5)
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```
1. void main() {
    long int a,b=10;
    ++a=b++;
    printf("%d %d", a,b);
    getch();
}
```

What will be output if you will execute above code? 10 10 (a) (b) 11 11 0 11 (c) Compiler error (d) (e) None of the above. #include "stdio.h" 2. void main(){ char a = '';clrscr(); printf("%c",a); getch(); { What will be output if you will execute above code? (a) \ \\ (b) (c) Print nothing

(d)

Compiler error

3.	What the following function call mean?		
	Strep	y(s1, s2);	
	(a)	copies s1 string into s2	
	(b)	copies s2 string into s1	
	(c)	copies both s1 and s2	
	(d)	None of these	
4.	Whic	ch of the following is not s keyword of 'C'?	
	(a)	auto	
	(b)	register	
	(c)	int	
	(d)	function	
5.	By de	efault a function returns a value of type:	
	(a)	int	
	(b)	char	
	(c)	void	
	(d)	None of these	
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	(a)	stpbrk			
	(b)	strlen			
	(c)	strxfirm			
	(d)	struct			
7.	Which of the following is used as a string termination character?				
	(a)	0			
	(b)	/0			
	(c)	/0			
	(d)	None of these			
8.	What	is the output of the following program?			
	void 1	main(){			
	int x=	=40;y=30;z=80;			
	if(x <y< td=""><td>/<z)< td=""></z)<></td></y<>	/ <z)< td=""></z)<>			
	printf	("\n Hello world");			
	else				
	printf	("\nGood by");			
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Which is valid string function?

6.

	(a)	Hello World				
	(b)	Good by				
	(c)	Compiler time error				
	(d)	None of these				
9.	The	C language consist of number of keywords.				
	(a)	32				
	(b)	40				
	(c)	24				
	(d)	56				
10.	Whic	ch function reallocates memory ?				
	(a)	realloc				
	(b)	alloc				
	(c)	malloc				
	(d)	None of these				

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